



## ELECTION NEWS.

## Election at Nashville.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 7.—8:30 P. M.—**Special Dispatch to the Chronicle.**  
The entire Democratic ticket has been successful in Davidson county. This has been a very quiet election. Advances from almost every county in Middle and West Tennessee are to the same effect.

## Democratic Gains in North Carolina.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 7.—This county has gone Democratic by from 12,000 to 15,000 majority.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 7.—The Conservatives carry the city and two counties by 3,000 majority. The returns from the whole State show heavy Democratic gains.

RALPHIGH, N. C., Aug. 7.—The returns show large Democratic gains from every section. Wake county has gone Democratic by a gain of some 600. The State has gone largely Democratic, with almost a certainty of 7 out of 8 Congressmen. The Legislature will be largely Democratic. There is great rejoicing and much excitement. Business generally is suspended, every one being eager to obtain the latest news.

RICHMOND, Aug. 7.—The Conservatives of the First District have nominated Beverly R. Douglass, of King William Co., for Congress on the tenth ballot. His principal opponent was Gen. R. T. L. Beale.

## Republican Victory in Blount.

The vote of Blount county, gives the following:

FOR SHERIFF.  
J. P. Edmondson, 1,174; T. D. Edington, 996.

FOR CIRCUIT COURT CLERK.  
Will. A. McTeer, 1,960; scattering, 18.

FOR COUNTY COURT CLERK.  
J. A. Greer, 1,325; W. H. Henry, 834.

REVENUE COLLECTOR.  
Charles Logan, 828; R. P. Chandler, 832; J. C. McKenzie, 248; G. W. Blankenship, 220; Henry Stevens, 2.

FOR REGISTER.  
L. Wells, 120; J. C. Hutton, 908; J. Hudson, 107; T. P. Cowan, 138; J. N. Means, 498; L. L. Ferrary, 167; A. Garner, Jr., 226; J. Carter, 7.

FOR TRUSTEE.  
J. W. Eakin, 1,109; D. N. Broyles, 912; F. P. Peace, 119.

## Vote in Hamblen County.

ATTORNEY GENERAL.  
Fulkerson, Democrat, over Tate, Republican, 62.

SHERIFF.  
Boyd, Republican, over Furrow, Republican, 78.

CIRCUIT CLERK.  
Cain, Republican, over Bewley, Democrat, 385.

COUNTY CLERK.  
Davis, Republican, over Morris, Democrat, 284.

REVENUE COLLECTOR.  
Maize, Republican, over Smith, Democrat, 165.

TRUSTEE.  
Thompson, Democrat, over Dickinson, Democrat, 271.

REGISTER.  
Parker, Democrat, over Neilson, Democrat, 10.

## Anderson County.

Anderson county all heard from yesterday morning except the 9th district, elects Wm. Gibbs, Sheriff; W. D. Lamar, Circuit Court Clerk; Robert Dew, County Court Clerk; John Hicks, Tax Collector; Alexander Moore, Trustee; and Joseph Brown, Register.

## From Clinton.

CLINTON, Aug. 7th, 1874.

EDITORS CHRONICLE: Our county election is over. Politics were eschewed in most of the contests. Judge Young was supported by all parties. His majority signifies nothing except confidence on the part of the people. M. T. Adkins, Esq., received the largest vote of any candidate in the field, running ahead of Judge Young. Adkins is most probably elected, as Young most certainly is, as he would be as strong in the west as in the east end of the circuit. Our county officers were elected without much reference to politics, except that party lines were drawn in the Trustee's and Tax Collector's races. Hicks, Republican, was elected Tax Collector under a fierce Democratic fire, and after severe Democratic opposition. Moore was elected Trustee under similar circumstances. Their majorities are pretty large—about the old Republican vote. Everything passed off quietly till after night, when Richy Kinead provoked a quarrel, committed an assault, and got badly whipped.

ANDERSON.  
Ra no County Election.

The following is the approximate majorities for officers in Boone county, with two districts to be heard from:

Circuit Court Clerk—E. E. Young, 468.

County Court Clerk—J. M. Sturges, 64.

Sheriff—D. G. Taylor, 619.

Trustee—Wm. Ellis, 263.

Tax Collector—L. H. Hill, 790.

Register—Robert M. Allison, 279.

Election News from McMinn.

ATHENS, Aug. 7, 1874.

EDITORS CHRONICLE: Yesterday was one of the most lively days in the history of old McMinn. Never was there a more "jumbled" ticket, &c. I presume, voted in Athens. In some instances party lines were entirely ignored, but there seems to have been, or will be, a pretty equal share to each party in the results of the election. Capt. Blizard and Mr. Slover have

carried the county with an overwhelming majority, having now a majority of something over 600, and three or four districts yet to hear from.

But the most exciting race is that of Sheriff. Mr. Garrison, (Conservative), is just ahead; Mr. Witt, (Radical), "right at his heels;" Mr. Renfro, (Conservative), keeping up the rear as close as you ever saw, too close to be pleasant to the other gentlemen, with these three or four districts to hear from.

Among the other candidates the probable results stand about thus: Mr. Small, Rep., will be elected by a small majority as Tax Collector; Mr. Lowery, Rep., is probably elected Trustee, and I will not guess at who will get the Register's place.

We had quite a number of candidates out to fill the various offices of constable, justice of the peace, school commissioner and fully as many kinds of men to fill the places. But whether our new court house has created such a conglomeration or whether the late comet has scared the people into this, or whether the people have just concluded to vote as they please, I shall not undertake to say. A CITIZEN.

## GREENE COUNTY.

Attorney General—Fulkerson, 428; Galbraith, 567; Tate, 217.

Circuit Court Clerk—Hudleston, 480; Acuff, 149; Kincaid, 668.

County Court Clerk—Acuff, 898; Turner, 356.

Sheriff—Oaks, 599; Ledgerwood, 672; Trustee—Sharp, 476; Gentry, 390; Milten, 158; Stockberry, 181.

Register—Turner, 801; Johnson, 321.

## UNION COUNTY.

GREENEVILLE, TENN., Aug. 7, 1874.

Considerable interest was manifested in the election yesterday. A full vote was polled throughout the county. The returns are in from all the districts except one, and that has been heard from unofficially. The following is the approximate majorities of the successful candidates:

Sheriff—W. S. White, (dem.) 604.

Circuit Court Clerk—D. K. Britton, (conservative), 886.

County Court Clerk—V. S. Maloney, (dem.) 570.

Revenue Collector—J. T. Myers, (dem.) 190.

Register—Thos. McCollum, (rep.) 265.

In this election the party lines were not rigidly drawn, a great many voted a mixed ticket.

## Sevier County.

SEVIERVILLE, Aug. 7th, 1874.

EDITORS CHRONICLE: The returns of the election are all in except two districts, the 11th and 12th. Tate has received 648 votes; the two districts to hear from will give him, I think, 150 votes more. Fulkerson received 422.

In the two districts to be heard from he will get 25 or 30 more. Galbraith received 128.

G. C. Shrader is elected Sheriff over Reagan. Majority about 150 to 200.

M. W. McCown is elected Circuit Court Clerk by a large majority.

Fowler is elected County Court Clerk by a small majority.

Wm. M. Burnett is elected by a small majority.

Neurst is elected Register by a large majority.

Yours truly,  
SEVIER.

## The Jefferson County Election.

EDITORS CHRONICLE: The following is the official vote of Jefferson county, excepting the 14th district:

Attorney General—Tate, 577; Fulkerson, 644; Galbraith, 506.

Sheriff—Webb, 659; Johnson, 642; Henry, 614; Thomas, 150; Collins, 47.

Circuit Court Clerk—Hoskins, 1,061; McCuiston, 534; Moore, 430; Johnson, 77.

County Court Clerk—Nicholson, 1,080; Meek, 676; Park, 338.

Revenue Collector—R. E. Newman, 821; McSpadden, 724; J. H. Newman, 84; Sharp, 125; Caldwell, 92; Elliott, 43; Ashmore, 97; Brown, 85.

Trustee—Chaney, 1,032; Denton, 344; Rankin, 194; Mansfield, 122; Murphy, 363.

Register—Hill, 812; Carter, 1,256.

You can rely on the above as being correct.

Respectfully yours,  
ED. R. HALL,  
D. C. Jefferson County Court.

## The Cooke County Election.

I send you the vote of this county, in all the districts, excepting one.

For Attorney General—Fulkerson, 428; Galbraith, 567; Tate, 217.

Circuit Court Clerk—Hudleston, 480; Acuff, 149; Kincaid, 668.

County Court Clerk—Acuff, 898; Turner, 356.

Sheriff—Oaks, 599; Ledgerwood, 672; Trustee—Sharp, 476; Gentry, 390; Milten, 158; Stockberry, 181.

Register—Turner, 801; Johnson, 321.

In this election the party lines were not rigidly drawn, a great many voted a mixed ticket.

Yours truly,  
O. M.

## HOME NEWS.

LOUISIANA Political Convention.

Full Details of the Great Cotton Frauds in St. Louis.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 5.—The Louisiana Republican State Convention met in this city to-day, at the St. Louis Hotel. David Young, colored, a Packard candidate, was elected President, pro tem, having received 131 votes to 79, for Lieutenant Governor, against Antoine, a Pinchback candidate. A Committee on Credentials was appointed and the Convention adjourned until to-morrow. The most important contest will be over the State Treasurer-ship. Mr. Dubuclet, the present incumbent, having opposed the scheme of the State Funding Board, will not be supported by Kellogg, the Packard faction, for renomination.

The Democratic Convention went to Baton Rouge. The Committee, consisting of 70, met last evening and issued an address to the people of all parties, opposed to the Kellogg Government, requesting them to elect delegates to the Convention, which will decide upon the conduct of the campaign.

BOSTON, Aug. 6.—The South Boston railroad stables have been burned. Loss \$40,000.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 6.—Additional information regarding the alleged forging of the cotton warehouse receipts by Alexander, Dorman & Co., is that the younger members of the firm, viz: Wylie Dorman, John T. Butler and Henry S. Ogden, had nothing whatever to do with any knowledge of the matter. They were released from custody this evening.

Bethel C. Alexander, senior of the firm, is still in prison. A statement made this evening, says the forgeries began about 6 months ago and consisted in forging the signature of T. W. Robinson, the Clerk of Christian Repper's cotton warehouse. This he alleges was done by Chas. Shepard, a confidential clerk, who, however, indignantly denies he did it. Alexander says the forgeries were committed for temporary relief and not for the purpose of fraud, and that, if they had not been detected, he would have been in position in 15 days to take them all up, and should have done so. How many of these forged receipts have been issued is not yet known; but it is believed over \$100,000 worth have been hypothecated at different banks. Bank officers are reticent, but it is tolerably well known that the German Savings Institution held \$24,000, the Fourth National bank about \$20,000, the Third National bank about \$40,000, Bank of West and perhaps one or two others and two or three business firms and individuals are involved in small amounts.

A package of \$5,000 and a check for \$8,000 was found in Alexander's residence after his arrest. The money was identified by the cashier of the Bank of St. Louis and was returned to him. Attachments were issued this afternoon and the Sheriff took possession of the store and effects of the firm and also levied on 210 bales of cotton in Pepper's warehouse. Between two and three weeks ago the Phelps Bros. & Co., of this city, bought 2,500 bales of cotton of Alexander, Dorman & Co., and paid \$100,000 thereon and received genuine warehouse receipts. This firm was this evening garnished for any amount over the sum that may be due Alexander, Dorman & Co.; but it is thought this action will not stand in court. Alexander states that the firm has assets sufficient to cover all losses, if left to their own management. The firm began business here about one year ago, the members coming from Louisiana and Texas, and has done quite an extensive trade as cotton factors.

DETROIT, Aug. 6.—Wm. P. Harris, of Missouri, was elected President of the National Educational Convention for the ensuing year, last night; W. R. Abbott, of Virginia, Secretary, and A. R. Marble, of Massachusetts, Treasurer.

TOPKA, Aug. 6.—Among the resolutions adopted by the Independent State Convention is that the States have exclusive right to control their own domestic institutions.

AMERICANS Beat the English at Cricket.

The cricket contests between visiting Americans and Englishmen were resumed this morning by the commencement of the game between the Princess Club and twenty-two of the Americans. The Americans won the toss and sent the Englishmen to the bat. The game was suspended for lunch, at which time seven wickets had fallen for nine runs. The play will be resumed at three o'clock this evening. It is probable that the Americans will gain the victory easy, because

all the crack players of Princess Club are out of town.

The order for the British Mediterranean squadron to proceed to the coast of Spain has been countermanded.

THE West Tennessee War.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 10.—Parties who arrived from Somerville this morning state that Albert Reeves, Republican candidate for Sheriff, and who was shot by Barton on Friday, died last night. His brother, Paul, was dying this morning. Judge J. G. Reeves, another brother, who was shot at the same time, and Oscar Burton, will recover. Everything was quiet there and the Chickasaw guards from this city have returned.

## WASHINGTON.

Over Half a Million Paid on Southern Claims.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—A half million of National Bank currency was exchanged for legal tenders to-day.

Col. Cummins as Indian Commissioner during Commissioner Smith's recreation.

The Treasury Department since the adjournment of Congress has paid out \$630,000 on the claims of Southern residents before the Southern Claims Commission. The Commission awarded over a million dollars on the claims, but Congress appropriated only \$663,788.82.

There have been but two applications for new Western banks, this month, and they aggregated only a capital of \$100,000. The retirement of the currency has thus far exceeded the amount of the new circulation. Within a few days the National Bank of Missouri, located at St. Louis, has surrendered its circulation and retired its bonds to the amount of \$550,000.

The Supervisors and Collectors of the internal revenue are forbidden to allow wives or minor children to act as clerks.

FOREIGN NEWS.

German Men-of-War Going to Spanish Waters.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—The House of Commons has rejected the amendments to the public worship bill, which may be considered a law.

The German men-of-war Nautilus and Albatross will sail for Spain on the 8th.

PARIS, Aug. 6.—A meeting of the Deputies of the Left was held, at which it was resolved to agitate in favor of a general election for the reason that the present Government is anti-Republic and does not represent the country. The Legitimists, on the other hand, threaten to renew their intrigues for monarchy.

MARKETS.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—Money easy, 2 1/2. Exchange dull 4 1/2. Gold, dull and heavy, declined 1 1/2. Cotton dull and nominal; sales 224 bales at 17 1/2.

Southern flour in moderate request, and without a decided change in price, common to fair extra, \$3.60 to \$3.75; good to choice do, \$3.80 to \$3.95. Wheat more doing, one cent better; \$1.23 to \$1.28 for winter red and amber western. Corn 1 1/2 to 1 3/4; barely so firm, \$1.18 to \$1.22 for western mixed; \$1.20 to \$1.25 for mixed and yellow western, the latter quotation is extreme. Coffee dull, 18 1/2 to 19, gold, for Rio. Sugar steady, 7 1/2 to 8 for fair to good refining; 8 1/2 to 9 for prime; 9 1/2 to 10 for muscovado; 8 1/2 to 9 for clayed; 9 1/2 to 10 for centrifugal. Molasses quiet and steady. Rice dull and unchanged. Tallow steady, 8 1/2. Pork heavy, new mess, \$24 to \$25. Beef unchanged. Lard decidedly lower, 14c. Whisky firmer, \$1.01.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 10.—Flour fairly active; Howard Street and Western superfine, \$4.47 1/2; do extra, \$5.45 1/2; do family, \$5.25 to \$5.50; City Mills superfine, \$4.47 1/2; do extra, \$5.25 to \$5.50. Wheat is active and firm; choice amber, \$1.40 to \$1.45; fair to prime white, \$1.25 to \$1.35; good to prime red, \$1.35 to \$1.45; common to fair, do, \$1.25 to \$1.30; Pennsylvania red, \$1.25 to \$1.30; red western, \$1.25 to \$1.27; amber western, \$1.34 to \$1.39.

SOMERVILLE.

The Disturbance at an End—Several Killed in the Melee.

MEMPHIS, August 8.—Parties who arrived this morning from Somerville, report all quiet, and that there had been no further fighting than was reported in the dispatches last night, and that when the militia, which left here last night, arrived there they found great excitement but no fighting. It seems the difficulty originated in a personal difficulty between Green Hendon, a white man, and Cash Warren, a leading negro politician, on the day of election, which was renewed yesterday, and which led to an attempt to arrest Oscar Burton by Sheriff Reeves and his two brothers, who are leading Republicans and represented as determined men.

Burton shot and killed Paul Reeves, and was in turn shot and killed by Sheriff Reeves. Whereupon, a fire was opened upon Sheriff Reeves and his brother from the windows and doors on the street, and were shot down. The wildest excitement ensued, and efforts were made to organize negroes into armed bodies, but as far as known at present, without success, and better counsel prevailed, and quiet was restored. The militia from this city will return on the noon train.

BIOGRAPHICAL.

Oscar Burton, the second man killed in the affray that has been attended with such serious consequences, was the youngest living son of Major William Burton, for many years Clerk of the County Court of Fayette County, a most estimable gentleman and good

citizen. Oscar was in his twenty-third year, and gave fair promise of a useful career, now untimely cut off in an election fight.

The Reeves family is one of the oldest in Fayette County, the present head, Judge Reeves, of the Circuit Court, having for years filled that important judicial position. The Judge, we understand, had four sons, all of whom served in the Confederate army, and made reputations as good soldiers. One of them was a printer, and for years conducted the old Somerville Reporter; the three others were—one a jeweler, one a dentist, and one a lawyer. All of them were men of repute, and, we learn, were high in favor with the Republican party. Which of the four has met death we can not say, our correspondent being silent on that head.

THE BEECHER-TILTON AFFAIR.

Further Correspondence and Comment—Letters from Beecher to Moulton, &c.

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.—The following letters from Mr. Beecher to Mr. Moulton are made public to-day:

"Brooklyn, July 28, 1874.—My Dear Friend: The committee of investigation are waiting mainly for you, before closing their labors. I, too, earnestly wish that you would come and clear your mind and memory of everything that has been on my case. I pray you, also, to bring all letters and papers relating to it which will throw any light upon it, and bring to a result this protracted case. I trust that Mrs. M. has been reinvigorated, and that her need of your care will not be so great as to detain you. Truly yours,

H. W. BEECHER.

To F. D. Moulton, Esq.

"BROOKLYN, Aug. 4, 1874.

F. D. Moulton, Esq.

SIR: Your letter bearing date August 4, 1874, is this moment received. Allow me to express my regret and astonishment that you refuse me permission even to see certain letters and papers in your possession relating to charges made against me by Theodore Tilton, and at reasons given for refusal.

On your solemn and repeated assurances of personal friendship, and in the unqualified confidence with which you inspired me of your honor and fidelity, I placed in your hands for safe keeping, various letters addressed to me from my brother, my sister and various other parties, also memoranda of affairs not immediately connected with the Tilton matter.

I also from time to time addressed you confidential notes relating to my own self, as one friend would write to another. These papers were never placed in your hands to be held for two parties, nor to be used in any way. They were to be held for me. I did not wish them to be subject to risk of loss or scattering from my careless habits in the matter of preserving documents. They were to be held for me. In so far as these papers were concerned, you were only a friendly trustee holding the papers subject to my wishes. Mr. Tilton has made a deadly assault upon me, and has used letters and fragments of letters purporting to be copies of these papers. Are these extracts genuine? Are they garbled? What are their dates? What, if anything, has been left out, and what put in?

You refuse my demand for these papers on various pleas—that if I speak the truth in my statement I do not need them; that if I make a successful use of them it will be an injury to Mr. Tilton; and that you, as the friend of both parties, are bound not to aid either in any act that shall injure the other. But I do not desire to injure any one, but to repel an injury attempted upon me by the use of papers committed sacredly to your care. These documents have been seen and copied. They have been hawked for sale in New York newspaper offices. What purport to be my confidential notes to you, on market, but when I demand a sight of the originals of papers of which you are only a trustee that I may defend myself, you refuse, because you are a friend of both parties.

Mr. Tilton has access to your depository for materials with which to strike me, but I am not permitted to use them in defending myself. I do not ask you to place before the committee any paper which Mr. Tilton may have given you, but I do demand that you forthwith place before the committee every paper which I have written or deposited with you.

Yours truly,  
H. W. BEECHER.

A SUIT FOR DAMAGES AGAINST MR. BEECHER.

The New York Sun of yesterday says: "Mr. Morris, Mr. Tilton's counsel, said last evening that he should at once begin the preliminary proceedings of a suit for damages against Henry Ward Beecher on a charge of criminal conversation with Mrs. Elizabeth R. Tilton. A summons is to be served on Mr. Beecher's counsel to-day or to-morrow, and the suit will be pressed at the first session of the Supreme Court. The amount of damages to be claimed has not yet been decided upon. The suit for divorce, at first spoken of, have been abandoned."

Resting the Evil One.

At a camp-meeting, not long ago, a man, clad in a thin linen suit, seated himself on one of the rickety benches beside a fat man who occupied full one-third of the concern.

When the services were ended the fat man arose, and the gentleman in thin linen suddenly began twisting about in a surprising manner, while his countenance was significant of mortal anguish.

His actions attracted the attention of some of the brethren, and one of them, a solemn visaged individual, who looked as though he had just swallowed a pill, approached the writhing body, and laid his hand on the man's shoulder and said—

"Brother, if you are resisting the promptings of the Evil One, strive

manfully, and you will triumph at last. Remember, Jacob wrestled with the angel, and—"

"I dunno but he did," interrupted the agonized man; "but if Jacob had the seat of his trousers and a little of his meat caught in a condemned crack he wouldn't feel like raslin' with an angel or any other critter!"

A Man Steals \$4,800 from a Friend in 1854 and Bequeaths Him \$200,000 by His Will.

San Francisco Chronicle, July 27.

In the Chronicle of Friday morning appeared the following advertisement:

"Information wanted immediately of the whereabouts of Henry Colter, or Colter, who in the years 1850-51-52, was with the firm of Dent, Vantine & Co., at Knight's Ferry, and afterward at Olympia, W. T. In 1854 he was defrauded out of a large sum of money by a party who fled to South America. This man died recently, leaving an estate valued at over \$200,000 entirely to Colter, by way of reparation. Please address Attorney, this office."

The circumstances which led to the insertion of this advertisement are as follows: Some time in 1854 the firm of Parker & Colter were doing an extensive business, both in this city and in Olympia, W. T. Mr. Parker attended to the business in this city and Henry Colter looked after it in Olympia. Charles Jessup was then a young man, residing at the time in Olympia.

He was a friend of Colter's and being about to visit San Francisco, the latter entrusted to his care a package containing \$4,800, to be delivered to Mr. Parker, of the house in this city. Jessup, instead of delivering the money, suffered himself to be led into temptation, and fled with it to South America, where all trace of him was lost. The affair led to a disruption of the firm of Parker & Colter, on account of the latter's inability to prove conclusively what had become of the money. Colter went out of business, and his whereabouts have not been known for many a year.

It now turns out that Jessup, on the strength of his stolen capital, accumulated an immense fortune in South America, and, some years ago, returned to his native place, Westfield, Massachusetts, to spend the remainder of his days. A short time ago he died, and left to his former friend, whom he robbed, or his heirs, if there be any, a clean \$200,000. Among his papers after his death was found the following certificate:

"In June, 1854, I received from Mr. Colter, of the firm of Parker & Colter, a package of gold coin, \$4,800, more or less, which I pledged my word and honor to transmit or deliver to E. H. Parker, San Francisco, and whatever injury has resulted I alone am guilty and bear the blame. Colter could not help himself at the time. I write this to exonerate my friend and relieve my conscience on a sick bed."

"CHAS. JESSUP, of Westfield, Mass."

The administrator of Mr. Jessup's estate sent a statement of the case to a lawyer of this city, with directions to have him find Mr. Colter, or his heirs, if he be dead, and with that view he inserted the advertisement referred to. A Chronicle man on Saturday sought out the attorney and asked what luck he had had.

"Well," he said, laughingly, "I can find traces of any quantity of Henry Colters. They are just now as thick as blackberries. Let me see, I have a list of the answers I have received."